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# 12.1" XGA

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

## AA121XK04

# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Oct.6,'10

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This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA121XK04.

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(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

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MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

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AA121XK04 is 12.1" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit or 8 bit digital data,  $1024 \times 768$ , 262k-color or 16.7M-color images are displayed on the 12.1" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is single 3.3 V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via LVDS interface per Typ. 65 MHz clock cycle.

Driver circuit for LED backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	245.76(H) × 184.32(V) (12.1-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	$1024 \times 3$ (H) $\times$ 768 (V)
Pixel Pitch (mm)	$0.240$ (H) $\times 0.240$ (V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white
Number of Color	262k(6 bit/color), 16.7M(8 bit/color)
Luminance (cd/m <sup>2</sup> )	420
Viewing Angle (CR $\ge$ 10)	-80~80° (H) -80~60° (V)
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	LVDS (6 bit/8 bit)
Viewing Direction	Higher Contrast ratio: 6 o'clock Less gray scale reversal: 12 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	280.0 (W) $\times$ 210.0 (H) $\times$ 12.0 (D)
Module Mass (g)	750
Backlight Unit	LED, edge-light, replaceable

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

## 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	0	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V
Backlight (LED) Current	IF	0	180	mA
Operation Temperature (Panel) Note 1,2)	Top(Panel)	-30	80	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) Note 2)	Top(Ambient)	-30	80	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	Tstg	-30	80	°C

[Note]

1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface

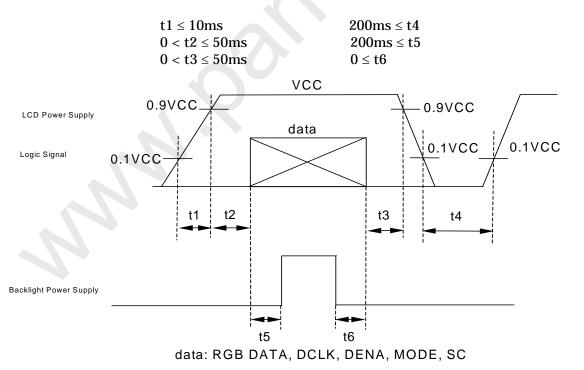
2) Top,Tstg  $\leq$  40°C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top,Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

## 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT-LCD Ambient temperature: Ta = 25°C ITEM **SYMBOL** MIN. TYP. MAX. UNIT Remarks Power Supply Voltages for LCD VCC V \*1) 3.0 3.3 3.6 Power Supply Currents for LCD ICC 320 600 mA \*2) --Permissive Input Ripple Voltage VRP 100 mVp-p VCC=+3.3V-----0.8×VCC VIH VCC High V MODE, SC --Logic Input Voltage VIL 0.2×VCC V MODE, SC Low 0 \_\_\_

\*1) Power and signals sequence:



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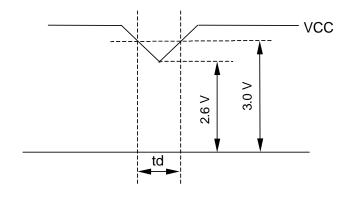
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 $\Diamond$ 

VCC-dip conditions:

- 1) When 2.6 V  $\leq$  VCC < 3.0 V, td  $\leq$  10 ms
- 2) When VCC < 2.6 V

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



\*2) VCC = +3.3 V ,  $f_H$  = 48.4 kHz,  $f_V$  = 60 Hz,  $f_{CLK}$  = 65 MHz

Display image at typical power supply current value is 256-gray-bar pattern (8 bit), 768 line mode.

\*3) Fuse

VCC FCC16162AB Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd. *)	Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
5	VCC	FCC16162AB	Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd.	*)

\*) The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

#### (2) Backlight

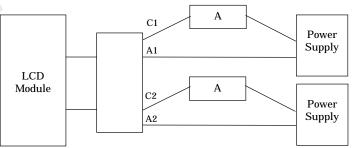
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
			(24)	30.5	V	IF = 150 mA, Ta = 25°C, *2)
LED Voltage	VF			31.5	V	IF = 150 mA, Ta = 0°C
		+		32.8	V	IF = 150 mA, Ta = -30°C
LED Current	IF		150		mA	Ta = 25°C, *1), *3)
LED Life Time	LT	60,000			h	IF = 150 mA, Ta = 25°C *4), *5), Continuous operation

[Note]

\*1) Constant Current Drive

\*2) The Voltage deviation between strings:  $|V_{f1} - V_{f2}| \le 2V$ 

\*3) LED Current measurement method



\*4) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.

\*5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.

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## **5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION**

(1)CN 1(INTERFACE SIGNAL)

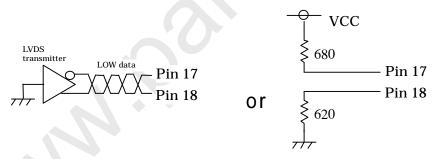
Used connector: FI-SE20P-HFE (JAE)

Corresponding connector: FI-S20S[for discrete wire] (JAE)

Pin	Symbol	Function (ISP 6 bit	compatibility mode)	Function (ISP 8 bit
No.	Symbol	6 bit input	compatibility mode)	
1	VCC	+3.3 V Po	wer supply	$\leftarrow$
2	VCC	+3.3 V Po	wer supply	←
3	GND	Gl	ND	←
4	GND	Gl	ND	$\leftarrow$
5	Link 0–	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0	R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, G2	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0
6	Link 0+	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0	
7	GND	Gl	$\leftarrow$	
8	Link 1–	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	
9	Link 1+	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	
10	GND	Gl	←	
11	Link 2–	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	
12	Link 2+	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	
13	GND	Gl	←	
14	CLKIN-	Clo	"←	
15	CLKIN+	Clo	$\leftarrow$	
16	GND	Gl	$\leftarrow$	
17	Link3–	See: *2)	R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7	
18	Link3+	See: *2)	R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7	
19	MODE	Low=ISP 6 bit c	High=ISP 8 bit compatibility mode	
20	SC	Scan direction control. ( Low	w : Normal , High : Reverse )	$\leftarrow$

\*1) Metal frame is connected to signal GND.

\*2) Recommended wiring of Pin 17,18 (6 bit input)



#### (2)CN 2(BACKLIGHT)

Backlight-side connector: SM06B-SHLS-TF(LF)(SN) (JST) Corresponding connector: SHLP-06V-S-B (JST)

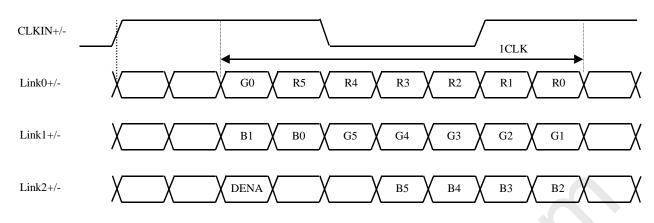
Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	NC	This pin should be open.
2	NC	This pin should be open.
3	LED C 1	LED cathode 1
4	LED A 1	LED anode 1
5	LED A 2	LED anode 2
6	LED C 2	LED cathode 2

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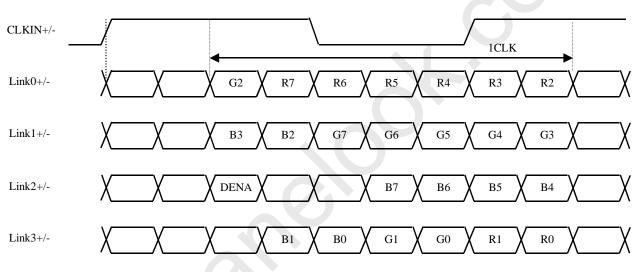
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#### (3) ISP data mapping

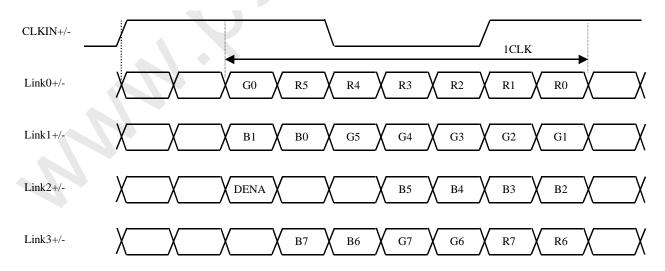
a. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(6 bit input)



#### b. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(8 bit input)



c. ISP 8 bit compatibility mode



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## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

LVDS transmitter input signal

## (1) Timing Specifications

	ITEN	A	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
D GI U	Frequency		fclk	50 65 8		80	MHz
DCLK	Period		tclk	12.5	15.4	20	ns
		Active Time	t <sub>HA</sub>	1024	1024	1024	t <sub>CLK</sub>
	Horizontal	Blanking Time	t <sub>HB</sub>	20	320		$t_{CLK}$
	HULIZUIILAI	Frequency	$\mathbf{f}_{\mathrm{H}}$	42.4	48.4	60	kHz
		Period	t <sub>H</sub>	16.6	20.7	23.6	μs
DENA		Active Time	t <sub>VA</sub>	768	768	768	t <sub>H</sub>
	Vertical	Blanking Time	$t_{VB}$	3	38		t <sub>H</sub>
		Frequency	$\mathbf{f}_{\mathrm{V}}$	55	60	75	Hz
		Period	$t_{\rm V}$	13.3	16.7	18.2	ms

[Note]

1) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.

2) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.

3) LVDS timing follows the timing specifications of LVDS receiver IC: THC63LVDF84B(Thine).

4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

 $t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$ 

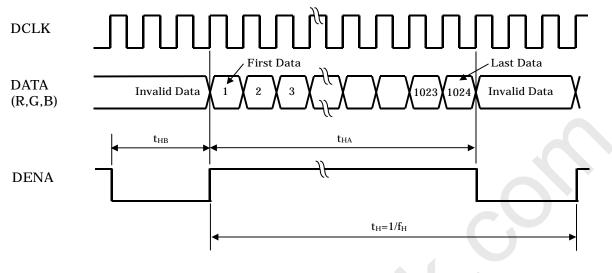
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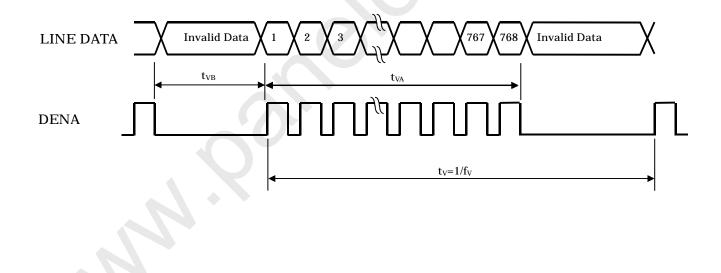


## (2) Timing Chart





#### b. Vertical Timing Chart



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## (3) Color Data Assignment

## <u>a. 6 bit input</u>

COLO																			
COLC	COLOR			R D/	ATA					G D	ATA					B D.	ATA		
	OR	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
		MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB	MSB					LSB
BL	LACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RF	ED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GF	REEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC BL	LUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR CY	YAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
MA	AGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
YF	ELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
WI	HITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RF	ED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RF	ED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
RF	ED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RF	ED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GF	REEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GF	REEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
GF	REEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GF	REEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BL	LUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BL	LUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE																			
BL	LUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
BL	LUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) -- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

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												INI	PUT	' DA	TA										
C	OLOR			I	R DA	ATA						(	G D	ATA	۱					]	ВD	ATA	ł		
	JLOR	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
		MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLOR	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE																									
																	-								
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

#### 2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

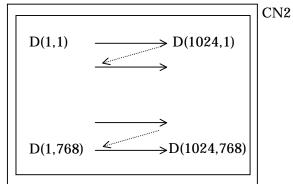
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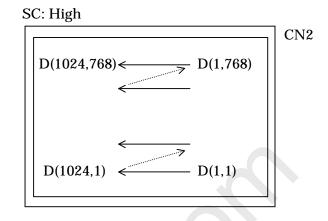
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1.<sup>13</sup> 📀

- (4) Display Position and Scan Direction
- D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal.

SC: Low

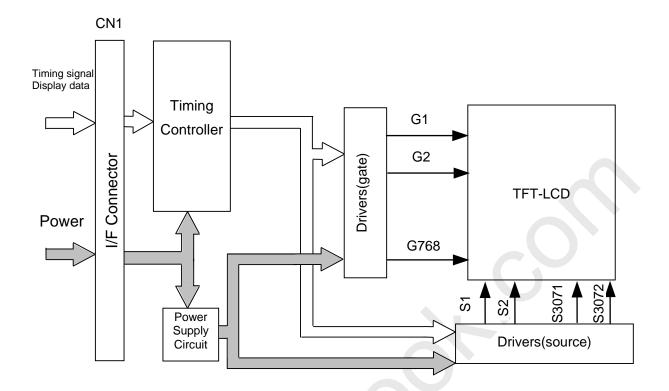


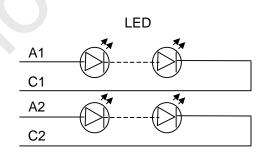


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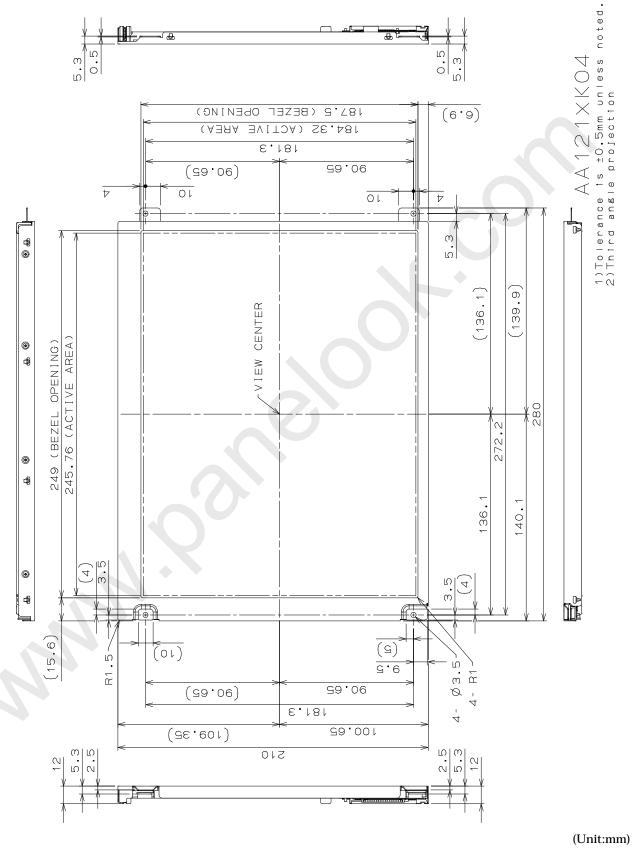


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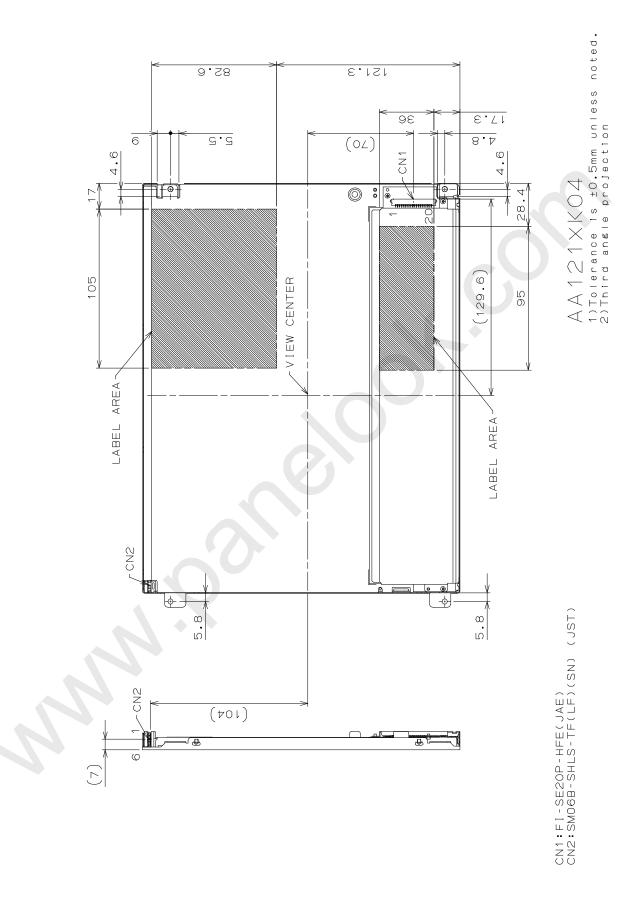
## 8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side



Ø

(2) Rear Side



(Unit:mm)

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			Ta=25°C, VC	C=3.3V, In	put Signals	: Typ. valu	es shown	in Section 6
ITE	M	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	tio	CR	$\theta_{\rm V}=0^\circ,  \theta_{\rm H}=0^\circ$	350	550			*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$	330	420		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	*1)*5)
Luminance U	Jniformity	ΔLw	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$			30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Response Tii	mo	tr	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$		6		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Response III	ne	tf	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$		19		ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing	Horizontal	$\theta_{\rm H}$	$CR \ge 10$	$-65 \sim 65$	-80~80		0	*1)*5)
Angle	Vertical	$\theta_{\rm V}$	$CK \ge 10$	$-65 \sim 45$	-80~60		0	*1)*5)
Image sticki	ng	tis	2 h			2	S	*6)
	Red	Rx		0.523	0.563	0.603		
		Ry		0.309	0.349	0.389		
Color	Green	Gx		0.311	0.351	0.391		
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	0.510	0.550	0.590		*1)*5)
	Blue	Bx		0.120	0.160	0.200		
		By		0.109	0.149	0.189		
	White	Wx		0.285	0.325	0.365		
		Wy		0.298	0.338	0.378		

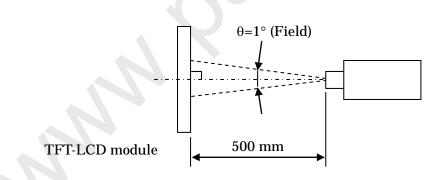
## 9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### [Note]

These items are measured using EZContrast (ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS2000 (Minolta) or equivalent equipment for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

#### Condition: IF = 150 mA

Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



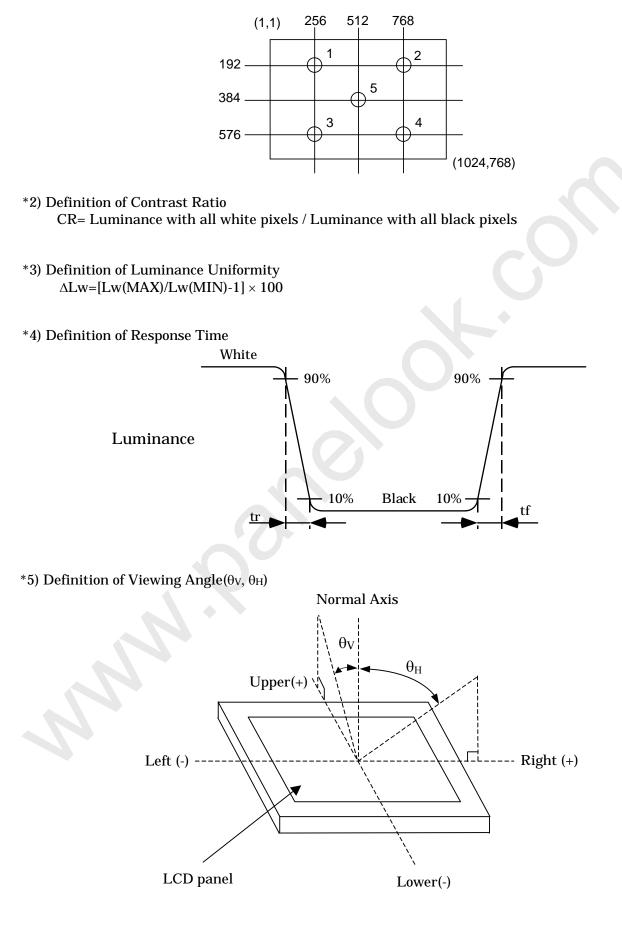
The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

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 $\langle P \rangle$ 

\*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below



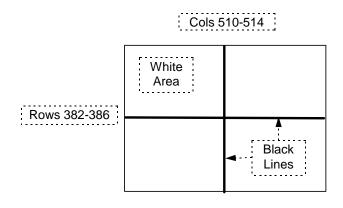
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One step solution for LCD / PDP / OLED panel application: Datasheet, inventory and accessory! www.panelook.com

 $\langle p \rangle$ 

\*6) Image sticking:

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



#### TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

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(1) Temperature and Humidity

, remperature and runnary	
ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	–30°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	–30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK	–30°C (1h) ~ 80°C(1h), 100 cycles

#### (2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS			
	Shock level: 1470m/s <sup>2</sup> (150G)			
SHOCK	Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms			
(NON-OPERATION)	Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually			
	perpendicular axes for a total of six shock inputs			
	Vibration level: 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup> (1.0G)			
	Waveform: sinusoidal			
VIBRATION	Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz			
(NON-OPERATION)	ATION) Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min			
	Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually			
	perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1 hour, total 3 hours)			

#### (3) ESD Test

ITEM	CONDITIONS	
CONTACT DISCHARGE (OPERATION)	150pF, 330 $\Omega$ , ±8kV, 10 times at 1 sec interval	
SIGNAL PIN DISCHARGE (NON-OPERATION)	200pF, 0Ω, ±200V, 10 times at 1 sec interval	

#### (4) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect) Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

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## **11. OTHER FEATURE**

This LCD module complies with RoHS \*) directive.

\*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

UL1950 certified (UL File# E158720)

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Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

#### (1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque (recommended value: 0.5 Nm). Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
  - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD and not to wrench module.
  - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
  - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
  - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
  - (e) Design the LED driver location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to LED backlight cable.
  - (f) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
  - (g) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- e. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- f. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- g. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- h. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.

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- i. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- j. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.

## (2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. Condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-d.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image sticking might happen on LCD. Although image sticking may disappear as the operation time proceeds, screen saver function is recommended not to cause image sticking.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

### (3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

## (4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

## (5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.

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d. LED driver should be designed carefully to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.

#### (6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.
- d. Please do not reuse the LED unit which is once removed.

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